



# Innopharma Screening Platform

## Examples of our services

Please contact us for custom services : [biofarma.group@usc.es](mailto:biofarma.group@usc.es)

# ASSAYS AVAILABLE

Screening can be carried out for binding activity at the receptors listed bellow, as well as at many other receptors (as several cell lines expressing diferent receptors are available on the market). Given the Innopharma Screening Platform's wide experience in screening, the fine tuning of these assays will not suppose a significant increase in the result reporting time.

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## Adenosine Receptors

 $A_1$   $A_{2A}$   $A_{2B}$   $A_3$ 

## Adrenergic Receptors

 $\alpha_1$   $\alpha_2$   $\alpha_{2c}$   
 $\beta_1$   $\beta_2$   $\beta_3$ 

## Cannabinoid Receptors

 $CB_1$   $CB_2$ 

## Dopamine Receptors

 $D_1$   $D_2$   $D_3$   $D_4$   $D_5$ 

## GABA Receptors

 $GABA_B$ 

## Leukotrienes Receptors

 $LTB_4$ 

## Muscarinic Receptors

 $M_1$   $M_2$   $M_3$   $M_4$   $M_5$ 

## Histamine Receptors

 $H_1$   $H_2$   $H_3$ 

## Transporters

Calcium channels

 $GABA_A$ 

NMDA

PCP

Potassium channels (hERG)

 Serotonin  $5-HT_3$ 

Sodium channel

## Transporters

 Dopamine transporter  
 Noradrenaline transporter  
 Serotonin transporter

## Serotonin Receptors

 $5-HT_{1A}$   
 $5-HT_{1B}$   
 $5-HT_{1D}$   
 $5-HT_{2A}$   
 $5-HT_{2B}$   
 $5-HT_{2C}$   
 $5-HT_4$   
 $5-HT_{4C}$   
 $5-HT_{4D}$   
 $5-HT_{4E}$   
 $5-HT_{5A}$   
 $5-HT_6$   
 $5-HT_7$

## Second messenger assays

### Arachidonic acid metabolism:

Phospholipase A<sub>2</sub>

### Nitric oxide synthase:

Inducible and Constitutive

Adenilate cyclase

Guanilate Cyclase

### Inositol exchange:

Chromatographic assay for  
measurement of inositol  
phosphates

## Isolated organ assays

### Adenosine:

A<sub>2A</sub>, A<sub>2B</sub>, A<sub>1</sub>

### Adrenergic:

$\alpha_1$ ,  $\alpha_2$ ,  $\beta_1$

### Histamine:

H<sub>1</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>

### Muscarinic:

M<sub>1</sub>, M<sub>2</sub>, M<sub>3</sub>

### Serotonin:

5-HT<sub>2A</sub>,  
5-HT<sub>2B</sub>, 5-HT<sub>3</sub>,  
5-HT<sub>4</sub>

These assays are performed with the cell lines listed below, and the viability measured by means of crystal violet, MTT reduction or sulforhodamine B methodology. The available cell lines are:

- Human hepatocarcinoma cells (HepG2)
- Human kidney cells (LLC-PK1)
- Human cervix cancer cells (HeLa 229)
- Human ovarian cancer cells (A2780)
- Cisplatin-resistant human ovarian cancer cells (A2780cis)
- Human lung cancer cells (NCI-H460)
- Human breast cancer cells (Hs 578T)
- Human breast cancer cells (MCF7)
- Human breast cancer cells (T47D)
- Human promyelocytic leukaemia cells (HL-60)
- Human fibroblast cells (MRC-5)

CytochromeP450 inhibition (CYP1A2,CYP2C9,CYP2C19,CYP2D6,CYP3A4)

## Phosphatases :

(1B, 2B, CD45, pNPP, alkaline phosphatase, acid phosphatase, calcineurin, protein tyrosine phosphatase)

## Kinases:

(More than 75 serin/threonin kinases and more than 40 tyrosine kinases)

## Phosphodiesterases:

(PDE<sub>1</sub>, PDE<sub>2</sub>, PDE<sub>3</sub>, PDE<sub>4</sub>, PDE<sub>5</sub>, PDE<sub>6</sub>)

Glucose metabolism studies

Caco2 studies

Solubility assays

# SCREENING BATTERIES AVAILABLE

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These tests include characterization of the affinity of a compound in a series of more than 50 studied (including the current group of drug targets) in addition to safety of antitargets/targets, cytotoxicity, metabolism and preliminary pharmacokinetic studies. Diverse targets are evaluated:

- Receptors
- Ion channels
- Transporters
- Pumps
- Structural proteins
- Enzymes (Phosphodiesterases, kinases, phosphatases, hydrolases)

Adenosine receptors are involved in different pathological processes: inflammation, renal insufficiency, Parkinson's disease, asthma and COPD, allergic rhinitis. The battery of tests includes:

- Studies of binding activity at human adenosine receptors ( $A_1$ ,  $A_{2A}$ ,  $A_{2B}$  and  $A_3$ ).
- Functional studies of the mobilization of second messengers at human adenosine receptors ( $A_1$ ,  $A_{2A}$ ,  $A_{2B}$  and  $A_3$ ).
- Functional studies in tissues isolated from experimental animals ( $A_1$ ,  $A_{2A}$  and  $A_{2B}$ ).

Serotonin receptors are involved in numerous physiological and pathological processes, for example, the 5-HT<sub>2B</sub> serotonin receptor has recently been suggested to be involved in cardiac valvular pathologies. The battery of tests include:

- Studies of binding activity at human receptors (5-HT<sub>2A</sub>, 5-HT<sub>2B</sub>, 5-HT<sub>2C</sub>, 5-HT<sub>7</sub>).
- Functional studies of the mobilization of second messengers at human serotonin receptors (5-HT<sub>2A</sub>, 5-HT<sub>2B</sub>, 5-HT<sub>2C</sub>, 5-HT<sub>7</sub>).
- Functional studies in tissues isolated from experimental animals (5-HT<sub>2A</sub>, 5-HT<sub>2B</sub>, 5-HT<sub>7</sub>).

Although the mechanism of action of antipsychotics is still unclear, it has been suggested that these drugs exert their effect by interaction with different receptor subtypes (Payne A. Abstracts of the XIX Symposium on Medicinal Chemistry 2006. Drugs of the future 31 (suppl A) L-33; Roth et al., Nat Rev Drug Discov 2004; 3:353-9). In this battery of tests, chemical libraries of compounds are evaluated for binding activity at a selection of aminergic receptors involved in the mechanism of action of antipsychotic drugs:

- 5-HT<sub>1A</sub>, 5-HT<sub>2A</sub>, 5-HT<sub>2C</sub>, 5-HT<sub>6</sub> and 5-HT<sub>7</sub> serotonin receptors
- D<sub>1</sub>, D<sub>2</sub>, D<sub>3</sub> and D<sub>4</sub> dopaminergic receptors
- $\alpha_{1A}$  and  $\alpha_{2A}$  adrenergic receptors
- M<sub>1</sub>, M<sub>2</sub>, M<sub>3</sub> and M<sub>4</sub> muscarinic receptors
- H<sub>1</sub> histaminergic receptor
- $\sigma_1$  opioid receptor

Once compounds that display activity at some of these binding sites have been identified (% of displacement of the specific binding > 80%) the K<sub>i</sub> for these receptors is calculated.

The cytotoxicity of compounds with possible tumour activity is determined in three human cell lines:

- Lung tumour line (NCI-H460)
- Breast tumour line (MCF-7)
- Glioma tumour line (SF-268).

If more than 50% inhibition of cell growth is observed in any of these three cell lines, the cytotoxic potency ( $IC_{50}$ ) is calculated from concentration-response curves (6 concentrations in duplicate).

Once an active compound is identified in any of these three cell lines, its toxicity is evaluated in other cell lines that the Innopharma Screening Platform has available (kidney, liver, ovarian, uterine cell and colon tumour cell lines, and leukaemia cell lines).

The preliminary safety of the compounds is evaluated in an initial battery of tests:

- Inhibition and induction of cytochromes: as indicators of possible alterations in the metabolism of other drugs.
- Cytotoxicity to fibroblasts: as an indicator of proapoptotic compounds.
- Alteration of the function of K<sup>+</sup> channels (hERG): as an indicator of compounds that induce cardiovascular alterations. We have available a rapid and economic technique currently validated in the pharmaceutical industry in *patch-clamp* and *in vivo* studies.

The potency of each compound in each of the assays is evaluated (6 concentrations in duplicate). Once this study is completed further safety studies can be carried out if the client wishes.

Evaluation of: passage through biological membranes (Caco-2), inhibition of P-glycoprotein and solubility of the compounds (turbidimetric study).

The Innopharma Screening Platform assesses and carries out *screening* cascades for clients, aimed at obtaining preclinical candidate compounds. The design consists of different stages:

- Definition of the clinical profile of the future drug: Must include the reasoning, needs not covered, differentiation of competitors, revision of the current market, potential peaks in sales and a clinical development plan.
- Creation of a permanent scientific committee formed by experts in external preclinical programmes who periodically evaluate the progress of the project.
- Selection of a Project Manager and team.
- Definition of the profile of the candidate preclinical compound and backups.
- Definition of leads: aimed at obtaining the profile required in leads from which the candidate will be obtained.
- Definition of the screening cascade and the critical route: establish studies to be carried out for complete pharmacological characterization of the candidate and the backups and those studies that are critical in this process for the scaffold of each of the hits.
- Fine-tuning of the screening cascade techniques
- Establishment of a timetable for monitoring the project.

The assays required in each programme are miniaturized and validated. The validation is carried out by inclusion of commercial and internal standards to correlate them with the values described in the literature and/or in internal low-throughput assays.

The amounts of candidate biological reagents requested by the client are obtained. The client must provide the Innopharma Screening Platform with the original biological reagent of which large quantities are required.

The cDNA of the target of interest is transfected in cell lines. Those clones in which the transfection has been positive are selected and the expression of the target is confirmed by radioligand binding studies.

The Innopharma Screening Platform has its own chemical library containing approximately 12000 structurally diverse compounds that have been annotated and selected by virtual screening to guarantee the maximum diversity of biological interactions (Cellular Mapping).



## High throughput functional screening of GPCRs for chemical libraries



The Innopharma Screening Platform has developed a technique for the simultaneous evaluation of the mobilization of inositol phosphates, arachidonic acid and cAMP. The assays involved enable identification of inverse neutral/agonists, as well as allosteric modulators of receptors to study in HTS and at a single concentration of the compound. These assays also enable evaluation of possible phenomena of *agonist trafficking/collateral efficacy/conformational selectivity*.

The target cells are treated with the compounds selected in the programme and the regulation of gene expression induced by the treatment is evaluated by microarrays. Primary tissues are available for the prediction of clinical efficacy from the gene regulation exerted by the compounds.



## Studies of protein regulation in *ex vivo* studies with experimental animals.



Regulation of the expression and conformational distribution exerted by the compounds under study is evaluated at the receptors of interest. Acute and subchronic treatments are carried out with therapeutic doses of the compounds in experimental animals; the animals are then sacrificed and a comparative study is carried out of the regulation exerted by the compounds relative to a control group (animals only treated with vehicle).

The intracellular signalling routes that mobilize the compounds under study are identified by phosphorylation/dephosphorylation studies.

Fluorescence microscope studies are carried out to evaluate the oligomerization, localization and translocation of the target receptors and the changes induced in these by the treatment.

Carried out by different methodological approaches ranging from fluorescence microscopy to enzyme immunoassays with marked proteins.

The formation of micronuclei after treatment with compounds in the target cells is evaluated by fluorescence microscope studies.

The Innopharma Screening Platform has access to human samples from patients in the Santiago de Compostela Hospital Complex, which enables the validation of possible new targets of interest in samples of patients and/or controls.

The efficacy of compounds on recombinant human kinases is evaluated by homogeneous time-resolved fluorescence (hTRF) measurements.

Study of the modulation of GPCR conformations in the presence of an orthosteric ligand is carried out at the Innopharma Screening Platform by radioligand binding studies (kinetic and competition assays), as well as by functional assays to measure the formation of second messengers to evaluate modifications in the power and/or efficacy of the orthosteric ligand.

Identification of agonists and antagonists of orphan GPCRs is a challenge for the identification of new therapeutic targets. The identification is carried out at the Innopharma Screening Platform by evaluation of the activation of orphan GPCRs, by use of different experimental techniques: GTP $\gamma$ [<sup>35</sup>S] binding, measurement of second messengers (cAMP, cGMP, Ca<sup>2+</sup>, IP<sub>3</sub>, etc), measurement of enzyme activity (Rho, ERK, etc), and use of chimeric G proteins that increase IP<sub>3</sub> or CAMP.

- Evaluation of chemical libraries with targets selected by the client. The compounds in the chemical library are evaluated at a single concentration agreed on with the client. The activity of the selected compounds as hits is confirmed by a second assay. Finally, the affinity ( $K_i$ ) of the confirmed hits is tested with a concentration response curve (6 concentrations in duplicate).
- Evaluation of the affinity of hits in groups of targets/antitargets. Each compound is evaluated at a particular concentration on the targets (> 50) chosen on the basis of programme (chemical/biological), by radioligand binding assays. The activity of the selected compounds as hits is confirmed in a second assay. Finally, the affinity ( $K_i$ ) of the confirmed hits is calculated from a concentration response curve (6 concentrations in duplicate).

•Studies of functional characterization of compounds in human receptors: The agonist/antagonist behaviour of the compounds under study is determined at GPCR by evaluating the mobilization of second messengers ( $IP_3$ , cAMP, cGMP,  $Ca^{2+}$ ).

The following are evaluated:

Agonist compounds: Potency ( $EC_{50}$ ) and efficacy ( $E_{max}$ ).

Antagonist compounds: Potency ( $K_B$ ).

All evaluations are carried out by use of concentration-response curves for the compound under study (6 concentrations per point, in duplicate).

Studies of the functional characterization of compounds at receptors in experimental animals: The agonist/antagonist behaviour of the compounds under study is determined at different receptors in experimental animals, by studies with isolated tissues (aorta, stomach fundus, auricle, colon and ileum) from the animals (different species of mouse and guinea pig). (Tests are currently available for  $A_1$ ,  $A_{2A}$  and  $A_{2B}$  adenosine receptors,  $\alpha_1$ ,  $\alpha_2$  and  $\beta$  adrenergic receptors,  $H_1$  and  $H_2$  histamine receptors,  $M_1$ ,  $M_2$  and  $M_3$  muscarinic receptors,  $5-HT_{2A}$ ,  $5-HT_{2B}$ ,  $5-HT_3$  and  $5-HT_4$  serotonin receptors.

The following are evaluated:

- Agonist compounds: Potency ( $EC_{50}$ ) and efficacy ( $E_{max}$ ), by concentration-response curves for the compounds.
- Antagonist compounds: Potency ( $K_B$ ), by concentration-response curves for an agonist in the absence and presence of the compound under study.



## Client directed screening of chemical libraries



For more information, please visit us at:

For any question or quotation inquiries please contact us at: [biofarma.group@usc.es](mailto:biofarma.group@usc.es)