

via 7-*endo* Heterocyclization

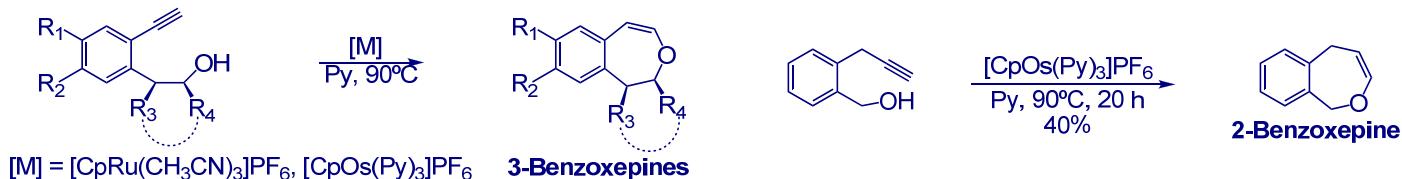
Carlos Saá,^{a,*} Alejandro Varela-Fernández,^a C. García-Yebra,^b Jesús A. Varela,^a Miguel A. Esteruelas^b

^a Dpt. Química Orgánica, Facultad de Química, Universidad de Santiago de Compostela, 15782 Santiago de Compostela, Spain.

^b Dpt. Química Inorgánica, Instituto de Ciencia de Materiales de Aragón, Universidad de Zaragoza-CSIC, 50009 Zaragoza, Spain

e-mail : carlos.saa@usc.es

Regioselective 7-*endo* Heterocyclization of Aromatic Alkynols to Benzoxepines via Catalytic Ru- and Os-Vinylidenes

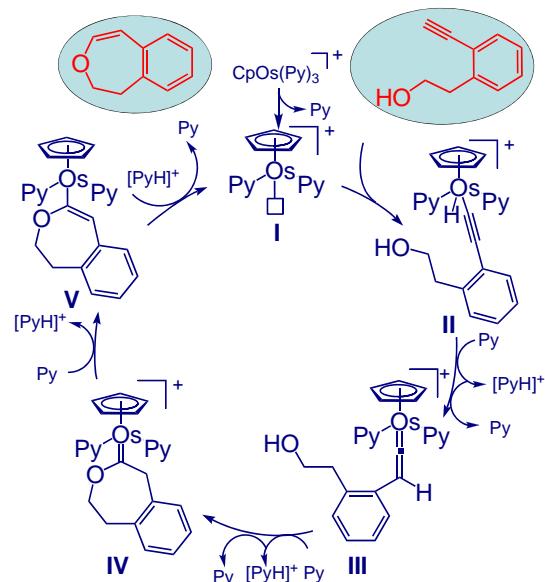


Entry	Aromatic Alkynols	3-Benzoxepines	[Ru] ^a %	[Ru] ^a h	[Os] ^b %	[Os] ^b h
1			28	5	60	0.5
2			31	1	68	1
3			29	1	63	0.5
4			32	4	56	1.5

^a Typical conditions: 1.0% [CpRu(CH₃CN)₃]PF₆, 0.15M, Py, 90°C. ^b 10% [CpOs(py)₃]PF₆, 0.15M, Py, 90°C.

Proposed Catalytic Cycle

After dissociation of py from the cationic Os(II) precatalysts, cationic unsaturated 16 e⁻ Os(II) could be formed acting as the catalytic species I. Formation of Os vinylidenes could be the key process of the catalytic cycle, which starts with the easy oxidative addition of the terminal alkyne to I to give the cationic hydride-alkynyl-Os(IV) species II followed by removal of the hydride as a proton by the pyridine and reprotonation at the C_β would afford the Os vinylidene III.¹ Then, the α electrophilic center of the vinylidene undergoes an intramolecular attack by the alcohol (7-*endo* heterocyclization)² to give the 2-oxocycloalkylidene Os intermediate IV, which in the presence of pyridine would evolve to the vinylic Os species V. Finally, protonation of the heterocyclic ligand would liberate the 3-benzoxepine.



Acknowledgements. We thank the MICINN (Spain) (CTQ2008-06557), Consolider Ingenio 2010 (CSD2007-00006) and the Xunta de Galicia (2007/XA084 and INCITE08PXIB209024PR). A. V.-F. thanks the USC for a predoctoral contract; C. G.-Y. thanks the Spanish MICINN and the University of Zaragoza for funding through the "Ramón y Cajal" program.

References: ¹ Esteruelas, M. A., López, A. M., Oliván, M. *Coord. Chem. Rev.* **2007**, *22*, 2472.

² Alcazar, E., Pletcher, J. M., McDonald, F. E. *Org. Lett.* **2004**, *6*, 3877.