

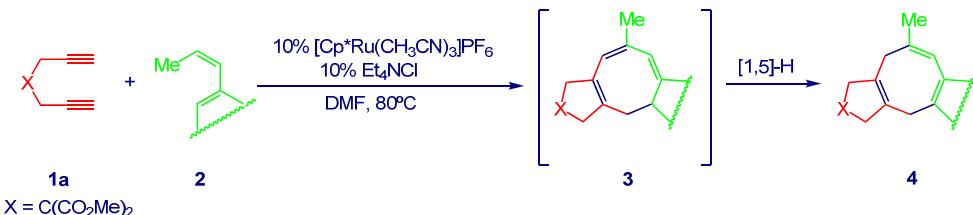
Synthesis of Heteropolycyclic Compounds by "Formal" Ruthenium-Catalyzed [4+2+2] Cycloaddition of 1,6-Diynes to *cis*-Propenylheteroarenes

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"Formal" Ruthenium-Catalyzed [4+2+2] Cycloaddition of 1,6-Diynes to *cis*-Propenylheteroarenes

We have recently developed a new "formal" Ru-catalyzed [4+2+2] cycloaddition between 1,6-diynes **1** to aliphatic *cis*-1,3-dienes **2** to afford 1,3,5-cyclooctatrienes **3**.¹ When *cis*-propenylheteroarenes **2** were used, heterofused cyclooctatrienes **4** were obtained in moderate to good yields.

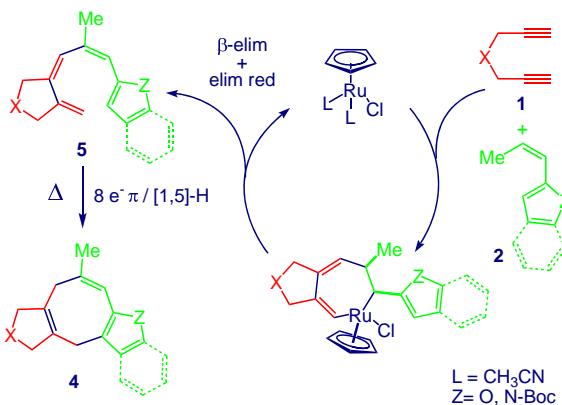


Heteroarene	Product	Yield %
2a	4a	52
2b	4b	66
2c	4c	54

Heteroarene	Product	Yield %
2d	4d	72
2e	3e	38
2f	4f	41

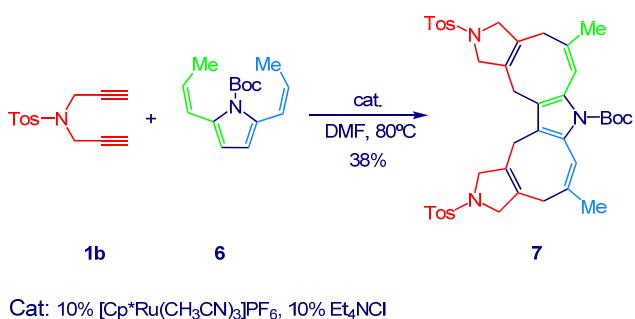
Mechanism

A plausible mechanism involves the initial Ru-catalyzed linear coupling between diyne **1** and the alkene of heteroarenes **2** to give 1,3,5-hexatrienylheteroarenes **5**. Finally, thermal conrotatory $8e^- \pi$ electrocyclization of **5** followed by a [1,5]-hydrogen shift affords cyclooctatrienes **4**.



Double "Formal" [4+2+2] Cycloaddition Reaction

Double Ru-catalyzed cascade reaction of diyne **1b** with bis-propenylpyrrole **6** gives rise to the polycyclic pyrrole derivative **7**, in which pyrrole units are fused to cyclooctene rings.



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References: ¹ J.A. Varela, L. Castedo, C. Saá, *Org. Lett.* 2003, 5, 2841.