

# Heterocyclizations of $\alpha,\omega$ -alkynols and alkynylamines via Ru-vinylidenes

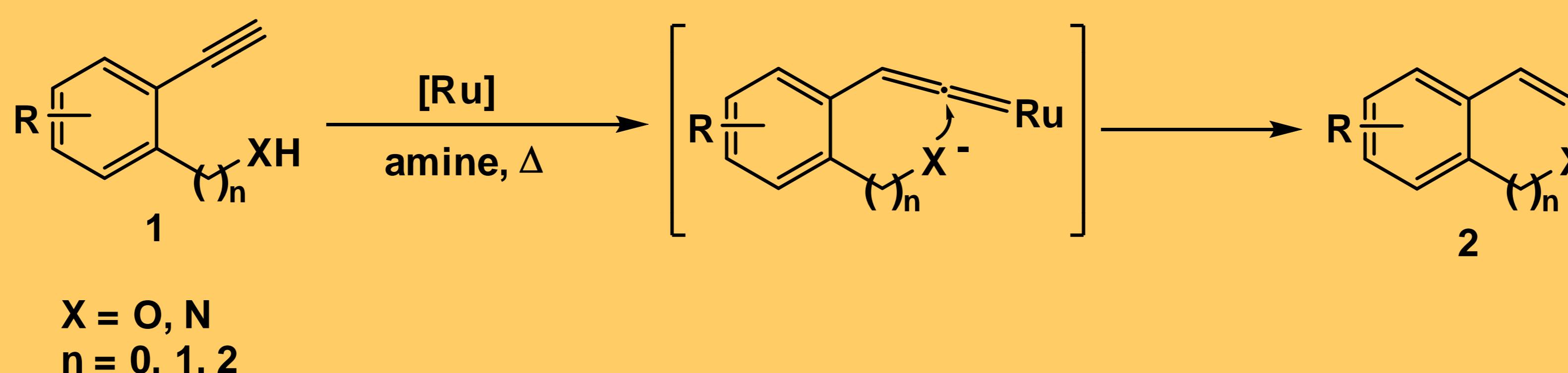
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Heterocyclic compounds are widely spread in Nature. The development of new metal-catalyzed cyclizations can offer powerful means to synthesize these compounds.<sup>1</sup> An attractive approach to this end, under the basis of atom economy,<sup>2</sup> makes use of catalytic metal vinylidenes.<sup>3</sup> Herein we present new 5-, 6- and 7-*endo* cyclizations of aromatic  $\alpha,\omega$ -alkynols and alkynylamines to the corresponding heterocyclic compounds.



## Oxygen

### 5-membered rings $\Rightarrow$ Benzofurans

Entry	Substrate	Product	Yield (%) <sup>[a]</sup>
1			84
2			30 <sup>[b]</sup>
3			82

<sup>[a]</sup> 10%  $\text{CpRu}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Cl}$ , pyridine, 90°C, 2-6 h   <sup>[b]</sup> 10%  $\text{CpRu}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Cl}$ ,  $n\text{-BuNH}_2$ , 90°C, 5-8h

## Nitrogen

### 5-membered rings $\Rightarrow$ Indoles

Entry	Substrate	Product	Yield (%) <sup>[a]</sup>
1			54
2			80
3			98

<sup>[a]</sup> 10%  $\text{CpRu}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Cl}$ , pyridine, 90°C, 1-2h

## 6-membered rings $\Rightarrow$ Isochromenes

Entry	Substrate	Product	Yield (%) <sup>[a]</sup>
1			86
2			60
3			65 <sup>[b]</sup>

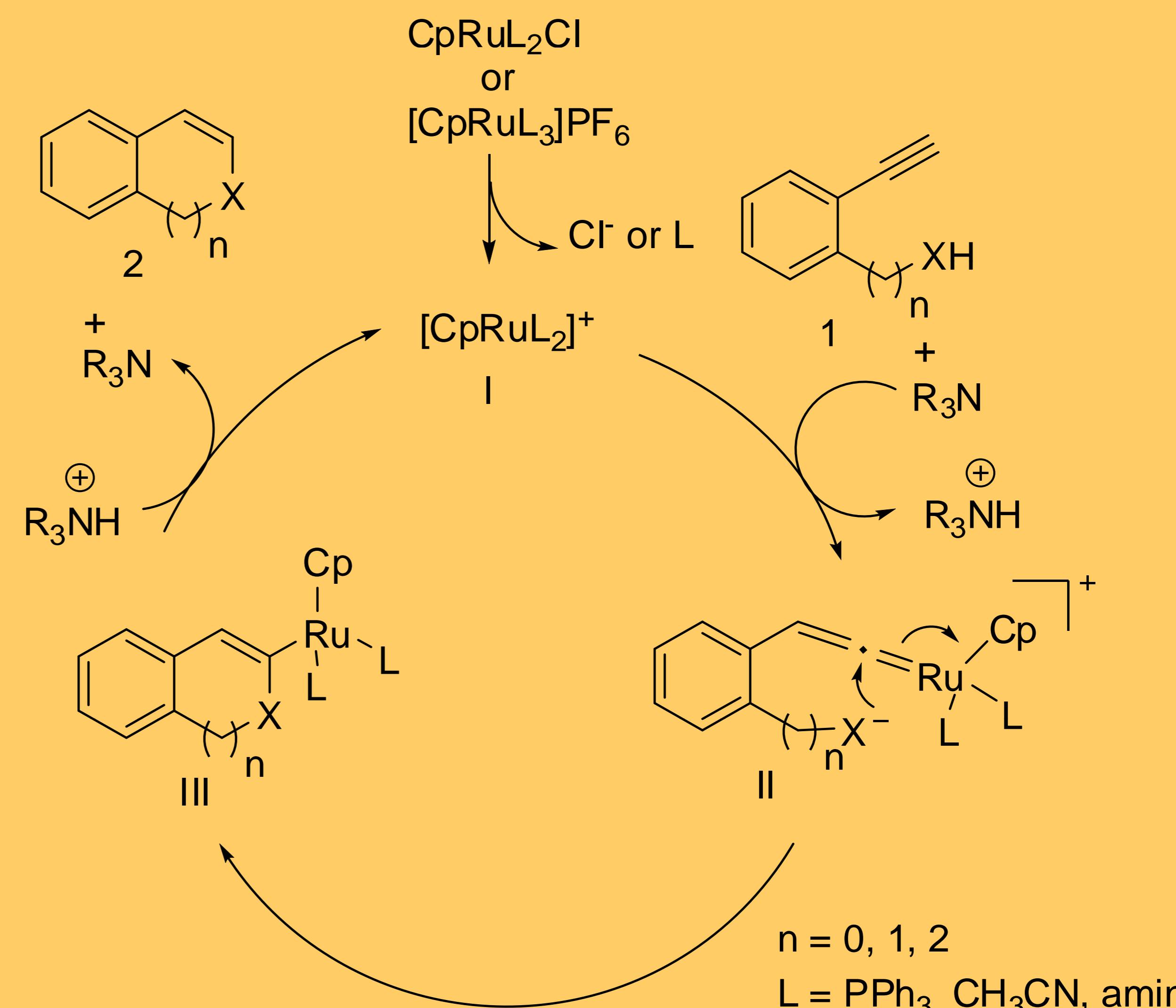
<sup>[a]</sup> 10%  $\text{CpRu}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Cl}$ ,  $n\text{-BuNH}_2$ , 90°C, 2-6 h   <sup>[b]</sup> 10%  $\text{CpRu}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Cl}$ , pyridine, 90°C, 5-8h

## 6-membered rings $\Rightarrow$ Isoquinolines

Entry	Substrate	Product	Yield (%) <sup>[a]</sup>
1			82
2			80

<sup>[a]</sup> 10%  $\text{CpRu}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Cl}$ , pyridine, 90°C, 1-2h

## Catalytic cycle



## 7-membered rings $\Rightarrow$ 3-Benzoxepines

Entry	Substrate	Product	Yield (%) <sup>[a]</sup>
1			40
2			38
3			32

<sup>[a]</sup> 10%  $[\text{CpRu}(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})]\text{PF}_6$ , pyridine, 90°C, 1-4h

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