

Fibered elementary quotient completion

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Abstract.

Completions of categories by quotients have been deeply studied in category theory. The main construction is the free exact completion of a (weakly) left exact category provided in [1, 2]. Later in [3], Maietti and Rosolini introduced the elementary quotient completion in order to give an abstract description of the *quotient model* in [4]. The main novelty is that the authors relativize the notions of equivalence relation and quotient for Lawvere's elementary doctrines, which are suitable functors of the form $\mathbf{P} : \mathbb{C}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathbf{Pos}$, from a category \mathbb{C} with strict finite products to the category \mathbf{Pos} of posets and order preserving functions. As shown in [3], the elementary quotient completion generalizes the exact completion of (weakly) left exact categories.

The present work originates from the following observation: the exact completion of a left exact category \mathbb{C} not only adds stable quotients of equivalence relations; it also provides *fibered* quotients with respect to the codomain fibration, in the sense that there exists a fibered adjunction $Q \dashv \text{Eq}$ as in the following diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & Q & \\
 \text{EqRel}(\mathbb{C}_{ex/lex}^{\rightarrow}) & \xleftarrow[\text{Eq}]{\perp} & \mathbb{C}_{ex/lex}^{\rightarrow} \\
 & \searrow r \quad \swarrow \text{cod} & \\
 & \mathbb{C}_{ex/lex} &
 \end{array}$$

where the left hand fibration is that of equivalence relations on $\mathbb{C}_{ex/lex}^{\rightarrow}$, i.e. congruences $r_1, r_2 : z \rightarrow x$ in $\mathbb{C}_{ex/lex}^{\rightarrow}$ and $r(r_1, r_2) := \text{cod}(x)$, and Eq is the functor sending an object $x \in \mathbb{C}_{ex/lex}^{\rightarrow}$ to the pair (id_x, id_x) . Pointwisely, the above diagram states that the slices of $\mathbb{C}_{ex/lex}$ have quotients of equivalence relations, which is a consequence of the fact the slices of $\mathbb{C}_{ex/lex}$ are also exact.

In this talk, we aim to generalize the above situation and to freely add fibered quotients with respect to an elementary doctrine $\mathbf{P} : \mathbb{C}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathbf{Pos}$ for a fibered category $p : \mathbb{E} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ with the same base category. To this extent, we assume that p is a comprehension category as in [5] in order to take into account \mathbf{P} -equivalence relations on objects of \mathbb{E} given by the subfibration on equivalence relations $r : \text{EqRel}_{\mathbb{E}}(\mathbf{P}) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ of the fibration of relations obtained through the following change of base situation

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 & \text{Rel}_{\mathbb{E}} & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \int \mathbf{P} & \\
 \swarrow r & \downarrow & \lrcorner & \downarrow \pi(\mathbf{P}) & \\
 \mathbb{C} & \xleftarrow{p} \mathbb{E} & \xrightarrow{A \mapsto \Gamma.A.A} & \mathbb{C} &
 \end{array}$$

where $\Gamma.A$ is the common notation for the domain of the comprehension of an element $A \in \mathbb{E}$ over Γ , and where $\pi(\mathbf{P})$ is the Grothendieck construction applied to \mathbf{P} .

Starting from a suitable pair of fibrations $(\pi(\mathbf{P}), p)$ where \mathbf{P} is an elementary doctrine and p is a comprehension category, we provide a pair $(\pi(\bar{\mathbf{P}}), \bar{p})$ where $\bar{\mathbf{P}} : \bar{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathbf{Pos}$ is the elementary quotient completion of \mathbf{P} and \bar{p} is a comprehension category with equality and fibered quotients as defined in [5], i.e. there exists a fibered adjunction as in the following diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & \xrightarrow{Q} & \\
 \text{EqRel}_{\bar{\mathbb{E}}}(\bar{\mathbf{P}}) & \xleftarrow[\text{Eq}]{\perp} & \bar{\mathbb{E}} \\
 & \searrow \text{r} \quad \swarrow \bar{p} & \\
 & \bar{\mathbb{C}} &
 \end{array}$$

\bar{p} is obtained considering suitable *pseudo descent objects*, in the sense of [6], and the correspondence $(\pi(\mathbf{P}), p) \mapsto (\pi(\bar{\mathbf{P}}), \bar{p})$ has a suitable universal property in 2-categorical terms.

As applications of this work, we provide an abstract method for models of *families of sets* for the extensional level of the *Minimalist foundation* [7], as done in [8] for the *Predicative effective topos* introduced in [9].

References

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