Opposites and hom weak ω -categories

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Abstract. This talk is based on our recent preprint [1]. We work with globular weak ω -categories, using a recent formulation for them and their computads proposed by Dean et al. [3]. We define opposites of a weak ω -category, changing the direction of all cells whose dimension belongs to a given set. We also give an alternative construction of the hom ω -categories of an ω -category to that of Cottrell and Fujii [2]. We then show that it has an left adjoint and that it preserves the property of being cofibrant.

Computads are structures out of which one can generate weak ω -categories. They consist of sets of generators together with attachment maps, assigning a source and target to each generator. In Dean et al. [3], first, the category Comp of computads and morphisms of ω -categories is defined inductively on dimension, together with an adjunction with the category Glob of globular sets

Glob
$$\xrightarrow{\text{Free}}$$
 Comp .

Here, the functor Cell takes a computed to the underlying globular set of the ω -category that it generates, the elements of which are either generators, or formal applications of operations of weak ω -categories (compositions and coherences). Then ω -categories are defined as the algebras for the induced monad on globular sets, which was shown to agree with that of Batanin and Leinster [5]. It was further shown by Garner [4] that ω -categories generated by a computed are the cofibrant objects for certain weak factorisation system.

We use a similar technique to construct the opposites and the homs of an ω -category. We start with an adjunction on the level of globular sets:

$$\mathsf{Glob} \xrightarrow[\mathsf{op}]{\mathsf{op}} \mathsf{Glob} \qquad \qquad \mathsf{Glob} \xrightarrow[\mathsf{\Omega}]{\Sigma} \mathsf{Glob}_{\star\star}$$

where $\mathsf{Glob}_{\star\star}$ is the category of globular sets with two chosen objects. The functor op is defined with respect to a set of dimensions $w \subset \mathbb{N}_{>0}$, by swapping the source and target of every element whose dimension belongs to w. The functor Ω takes a globular set with two chosen objects to the globular sets of elements between those objects, and the suspension ΣX is the globular set with two objects, such that $\Omega(\Sigma X) = X$. We then observe that in both cases the left adjoint preserves the globular pasting diagrams, which are the arities of the operations of weak ω -categories. Using this observation,

we define the opposite and the suspension of a computed together with natural transformations, as shown in the diagrams below:

The mates of those natural transformations under the respective adjunctions give rise to morphisms of monads, hence they lift as functors $\operatorname{op}:\omega\operatorname{Cat}\to\omega\operatorname{Cat}$ and $\Omega:\omega\operatorname{Cat}_{\star\star}\to\omega\operatorname{Cat}$. The functor op is an equivalence of categories with itself as its inverse, and by the adjoint lifting theorem, the functor Ω admits a left adjoint Σ .

Finally, we show that the functors op, Ω and Σ preserve the cofibrant objects, by describing a recognition principle for free ω -categories on a computad. We also show that the opposite of a hom ω -category is the hom of the some opposite of the original ω -category, as expected.

References

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